

MARIETTA DAILY LEADER
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SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1896
For President.
WILLIAM MCKINLEY.
Of the United States.
For Vice-President.
GARRETT A. HOBART.
Of New Jersey.
Republican State Ticket.
For Secretary of State.
CHARLES KINNEY. of Scioto Co.
For Judge of the Supreme Court.
MARSHALL J. WILLIAMS. of Fayette Co.
For Food and Dairy Commissioner.
JOSEPH E. BLACKBURN. of Belmont Co.
For Member Board of Public Works.
FRANK A. HUFFMAN. of Van Wert Co.
Congressional Ticket.
For Congress, 10th District.
H. C. VAN VOORHIS. of Muskingum Co.
County Ticket.
For Probate Judge.
D. R. ROOD. of Belpre.
For Sheriff.
JOHN S. MCALLISTER. Fourth Ward.
For Auditor.
W. A. PATTERSON. of Waterford.
For Recorder.
JOHN W. ATHEY. Marietta Township.
For Commissioner.
JOHN RANDOLPH. Wesley Township.
For Judiciary Director.
WM. SCHNAUFFER. Newport Township.

THE Leader stated yesterday morning that there was a rumor to the effect that Dr. Simpson had resigned the Presidency of Marietta College. The rumor proved to be founded on fact. Dr. Simpson did resign Thursday, and the resignation was accepted. The resignation is to take effect at once. Dr. Simpson, who has worked hard and unceasingly, will take a much-needed rest, and the College will be in charge of Prof. J. H. Chamberlain, Dean of the Faculty.

Mariettians in general, alumni and citizens who were never connected with the institution, regret exceedingly to know that the city must lose Dr. Simpson. He is a rare man, and has done more to weld town and College than did all his gifted predecessors. We feel that we but feebly express the sentiment of the citizens when we say that we are exceedingly sorry that the Doctor is going to leave us.

THE POLITICIAN.

For the eleventh time the representatives of the Republican party have assembled in National convention, formulated a platform of principles and nominated a Presidential ticket. There are no new departures in the platform, it is merely a reiteration of the doctrines which have been followed by the party since its birth and which have given the country its longest and greatest period of prosperity. While, of course, no ticket could have been nominated that would not have disappointed some good Republicans, certainly no ticket could have been named that would have pleased more Republicans, than the one that was named. Both gentlemen have records of which the party has a right to be proud, and of which it will be prouder after they have served out their terms as President and Vice President.

There was only one regrettable feature about the St. Louis convention. That was the bolting of some of the silver Republicans, because the financial plank of the platform did not meet their views. It is hoped and believed that those gentlemen and those they represented will before the campaign has advanced far see that they will gain nothing by leaving the Republican party, and that in the end they will be found supporting the ticket nominated at St. Louis. Political parties are necessarily ruled by a majority, and those gentlemen were overwhelmingly defeated in the convention upon an issue which they were themselves largely responsible for forcing upon the convention. They asked for a new departure in party principles and the convention denied their request, simply because a majority opposed it. If the minority in every convention bolted, political parties would soon be nothing but factions. Stick to your party and hope for better luck next time is always the right thing to do.

Some of the South Carolinians who came to Washington are very indignant when anybody speaks of Senator Tillman as a typical citizen of their state. Mr. W. G. Glass, a well known resident of Charleston, said: "Tillman lives on notoriety and is making a show of being in the Presidential race merely to keep his name before the country. He will no doubt get the vote of the South Carolina delegation, for he controls it absolutely, but I don't think the delegates of another state will support him. Why, half the people of the United States class him as an anarchist, and a big per cent of the remainder put him down with Waite and Penoyer in the crank category."

A counterpart of Comptroller Bowler,

in the person of Sixth Auditor Howard, has been making so much trouble by holding up post-office accounts that it is said Postmaster General Wilson has notified Mr. Cleveland that if Howard isn't fired he will himself resign. The clerks in the Sixth Auditor's office, commonly called "Botany Bay," are much interested in the outcome of this squabble. They hate Howard, who is a fussy, self-consequential sort of a duck, but, of course, do not dare to say so publicly. But Howard has a "pull" somewhere. He was made Chief Clerk of the Post Office department by Mr. Bissell shortly after he became Postmaster General, and was later promoted to be Sixth Auditor. This position is under the Treasury, but it is said that Mr. Cleveland appointed Howard without consulting Secretary Carlisle.

Mr. Cleveland's announcement that his only desire hereafter is to be a private in the Democratic party is regarded as a sort of last ditch expedient to prevent the adoption of a free coinage plank by the Chicago convention. It may have that result, but the best informed Democrats in Washington doubt it. Some time ago Senator Brice begged Mr. Cleveland to make a plain announcement that he would not be a candidate for the Democratic nomination, and it was because of Mr. Cleveland's refusal to do so that Brice abandoned the fight he had intended making against the silver Democrats in Ohio, and told his friends that he didn't care a continental what either Cleveland or the Chicago convention did. So far as Mr. Cleveland's announcement relates to a third term nomination for himself it is absolutely meaningless, and was entirely unnecessary. The Democrats had themselves already made it so plain that he who ran could read that Mr. Cleveland would hereafter be only a private in the party. In plain English he has simply resigned something that he had been convinced that he couldn't get, just as Jack did his supper in the nursery book.

IN THE OIL FIELDS.

Sistersville, W. Va., June 18.—A little out of the line of developments now going on in the Wick field, the Victor Oil and Gas Company drilled in a big gusher this morning on the Staley farm, and is known as their No. 4. The first reports from this well were that it was making one hundred barrels per hour, but later reports put it at about 85 barrels. This well being a little ahead of developments has already created a scramble for territory on a line with the above. This is the largest strike ever chronicled in this pool.

Shingleton No. 4, belonging to Bettman & Watson, is giving considerable trouble on account of sand massing in the pump. They expect their No. 7 to reach the sand by Saturday.

The Casper Drilling Company are now sinking several wells for some Wheeling parties at Glendale.

The Devonian Oil Company are erecting another rig on the Bullman farm and are setting up engines at two of their wells on the same farm.

The well being drilled by Wm. Graham, on the Yoho farm, near Proctor, is down about 800 feet and is through the hard materials which they have been drilling in since last Saturday.

The 1,500 acres of undeveloped, or rather untested, land lying between the Hebron and Cairo fields, and which is owned by Parkersburg parties, will soon be tested by one of the leading oil companies.

The Huova Oil Company got a dry hole on the Mary White farm today.

The well of Slemaker, McCormick, et al., on Cole Lick, was drilled in this morning and is a duster.

Nothing has been heard from the well the Sparks Drilling Company are sinking on the Poole farm, ten miles south of Dog Skin, and those interested in that direction are getting anxious, as it is about time it was in.

Parkersburg, W. Va., June 18.—The well of Messrs. Kelly & Beatty, on the Wm. Richardson farm, in the Ogden field, a little over a mile ahead of developments, came in dry last night in the Berea sand. A splendid showing of oil was found in the Big Injun, and the owners may conclude to shoot the well in that sand. The well is the first dry hole near the field, and oil men were sadly disappointed at the result. The venture adjoins the Dyke farm, on which a 35-barrel well was recently struck by Kilduff & Co.

About fifty years ago while Mr. John Barchett and several others were digging a well for salt water on the farm now owned by Hugh Love, on Flint Run, they struck a strong vein of strange black fluid which emitted an offensive odor. Thinking it some kind of poison they abandoned the well and dug for salt water a few hundred yards farther down the run. At that time petroleum was unknown and the black fluid Mr. Barchett and his companions discovered evidently was the oil so much sought after now.—Beverly Adv.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by W. H. Styer.
T. & O. C. EX. R. R. to Columbus.
For the Democratic State Convention the T. & O. C. EX. R. R. will sell tickets to Columbus and return at one fare for the round trip, good going June 22nd and 23rd and returning not later than June 24th.

GERMAN-AMERICANS.

They Are Almost Unanimous for Sound Money.

Mr. Gustav H. Schwab is president of the German society of New York city and is therefore in touch with Germans and German-Americans in this country. Being also a prominent business man, he is familiar with the views of Germans on the financial question. In an interview on May 14 he said:

I am convinced from my knowledge of my German-American fellow citizens and their ways of thinking that the vast majority of them in the coming political contest will entirely disregard party ties and will vote for that party which declares for the maintenance, beyond a possibility of doubt, of the gold standard of value, and that they will not give their suffrage to any candidate who may be suspected of a leaning toward free silver coinage or toward any compromise with the silver people.

They consider that the paramount question before the country at present is the integrity of our monetary system, and their votes will go to that party which they believe will uphold the country's financial honor, regardless of what their views may be on other political questions. Previous experience has shown that German voters on questions relating to or affecting the standard of value have always stood for common honesty, and that they have uniformly opposed all forms of financial heresy.

When, 20 years ago, the paper money inflation question was agitated in Missouri, the Germans of that state were arrayed on the side of sound money. The Germans of Illinois are on record as always having been on the right side of the money question, and as never having been led astray by cheap money propaganda at any time. A German business man, cashier in a large bank in Chicago, who has a wide acquaintance with the small bankers and merchants throughout the west, tells me that he has had occasion to hear expressions from his German countrymen for years past on the question of a monetary standard, and that he has never yet found one who was not in favor of the gold standard and opposed to the free coinage of silver.

His opinion is that the German citizens of Illinois are unanimously opposed to any impairment of the present gold standard.

It is a fact, universally known, that the sound-money victory in Ohio in the gubernatorial campaign of 1875, in which Rutherford B. Hayes ran on a republican hard-money platform against William Allen on a democratic paper-money inflation platform, was due to the firm stand taken by the Germans, who, disregarding party lines, turned the scale in the election in favor of honest money. This fact was conceded at the time by the republican press of the state, and the democratic candidate voiced the sentiments of his party leaders when he gave utterance to his lacerated feelings after the election by exclaiming: "The Dutch are d—d unreliable." The German voters are certainly not to be relied upon when they are asked to prostitute the country's financial honor at their party's bidding. In the state of Wisconsin the Germans have taken the same united stand in favor of sound money, and the same may be said of Michigan, Iowa and Minnesota.

The entire German newspaper press in this country, with few exceptions, is emphatically for sound money, as it has been in the past, and can be depended upon to pronounce in favor of the maintenance of the present standard of value and for the parity that represents this principle, regardless of previous party affiliations. Several important German democratic papers in the western states have already threatened to bolt their ticket if a free silver plank should be adopted. As an indication of the general sentiment of the German press I refer to the position taken by the largest and oldest German newspaper in the south, the Democrat, of Louisville, in the last state election in Kentucky. Although always democratic up to that time, this paper bolted the democratic free silver candidate and urged the election of the republican sound money candidate for governor.

The importance of the German vote will be apparent when the numerical strength of the German-American population in the pivotal states is considered. The returns of the census of 1890 show that the state of New York then contained 972,003 German-Americans, Ohio, 541,407; Illinois, 690,588; Pennsylvania, 472,423; Michigan, 276,253; Wisconsin, 531,834; Minnesota, 244,634; Iowa, 289,003; and Missouri, 297,095.

Whatever may be the decision of the national conventions on the money question, this issue will be fairly, squarely and most thoroughly placed before the German voter in the course of the campaign, and as to the nature of his response I do not entertain the slightest doubt.

STATE NICKNAMES.

South Carolina is called the "Palmetto state," either from the abundance of that plant, which grows to great perfection in its semi-tropical climate, or from the appearance of a representation of the palmetto in the state arms.

Iowa almost from the date of its admission has been called the "Hawkeye state." Hawkeye was the name of a noted Indian chief, who, in the early days, caused no little trouble along the western border of American civilization.

Indiana is called the "Hoosier state." The origin of the word hoosier is veiled in obscurity, but the most reasonable conjecture is that it was derived from the word "husher," formerly used in the western states to indicate an overbearing person or bully.

North Carolina in colonial days was called the "The Old North Colony," and the name, with state instead of colony, has been retained to the present time. It has also been called "Turpentine state," from the importance of this article in the list of its exports.

Cyclometer FREE.
It is 1,000 mile, repeating. Every Bicycle Rider should have it.
In exchange for Coupons with Mail Pouch
"Chewing and Smoking"
(The only ANTI-NEUROUS, ANTI-DYSPEPTIC and NICOTINE NEUTRALIZED)
TOBACCO.

Coupons explain how to secure the Above. One Coupon in each 5 cent (3 ounce) Package. Two Coupons in each 10 cent (4 ounce) Package. Mail Pouch Tobacco is sold by all dealers. Packages (now on sale) containing no coupons will be accepted as coupons. "No. 2." Empty Bag as one Coupon. "4 & 5." Empty Bag as two Coupons. ILLUSTRATED Catalogue of other Valuable Articles with explanation how to get them. Mailed on request. The Blech Bros. Tobacco Co., Wheeling, W. Va. No Coupons exchanged after July 1, 1897.

Base Ball.		
Chicago	.....	8
Cleveland	.....	3
Philadelphia	.....	4
Baltimore	.....	9
St. Louis	.....	0
Pittsburg	.....	6
New York	.....	2
Brooklyn	.....	3
Washington	.....	8
Boston	.....	4

	W	L	Pr.
Baltimore	31	18
Cleveland	29	17
Cincinnati	31	20
Boston	27	20
Philadelphia	29	23
Washington	25	21
Brooklyn	27	23
Pittsburg	25	23
Chicago	27	25
New York	31	31
St. Louis	13	36
Louisville	10	37

Reduced prices on all Summer Dress Goods at Jones', 173 Front St.

CIRCLING THE GLOBE.

Two years ago King Menelek applied for admission to the Postal union, but Italy objected.

In Liverpool the rental of the corporation land in 1872 was £13, while in 1892 this same land was valued at £12,500,000.

Lavasseur estimates the population of Asia at \$25,954,000; Europe, 357,379,600; Africa, 163,953,000; America, 121,713,000; Australia, 3,230,000.

Swedish and Norwegian servants threaten to drive the British housemaid from her place. They are said to be more efficient and willing and are ready to work for lower wages.

The largest and heaviest building stone ever quarried in Britain was taken from the Plankinton bed, near Norwich, in February, 1889. It was in one piece without crack or flaw, and weighed over 35 tons.

Bishop William Taylor, the famous missionary to Africa, recently made bars of laundry soap the currency of the natives. It met with such favor as handy change that the bishop's son now sends from three to five tons at a shipment.

Col. Sir Richard Martin, of the Enniskillen dragoons, who captured Cetawayo after the fight at Ulundi, has been appointed commander of the police forces in Bechama, Mashonaland Matabele lands, and deputy high commissioner for South Africa.

All Prices Would Advance.

Let those farmers who believe free silver will cause the prices of farm products to advance ask themselves this simple question: Will free silver cause wheat to advance to one dollar a bushel, or corn to 50 cents a bushel, and not cause a ten-dollar suit of clothes to advance to \$20, or a one-dollar hat to two dollars? Can it be possible that any intelligent farmer believes free silver will advance the price of the products of his labor and not the price of the products of other men's labor?—Henderson (Ky.) Sun.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"
Shortens labor, lessens pain, diminishes danger to life of both mother and child and leaves her in condition more favorable to speedy recovery. "Stronger after than before confinement," says a prominent midwife. Is the best remedy

FOR RISING BREAST
Known and worth the price for that alone. Endorsed and recommended by midwives and all ladies who have used it. Beware of substitutes and imitations.

Makes Child-Birth Easy.
Sent by Express or mail on receipt of price, \$1.00 per bottle. Book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free, containing voluntary testimonials.
BRADFORD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Important to Teachers!

A NORMAL SCHOOL
will be opened in the Marietta High School Building, Monday, August 3d, 1896, and continue in session for four weeks.

Instruction in Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, History, Civil Government, Physiology, Orthography, Penmanship and Pedagogy will be free to all who are teaching or preparing to teach. Bring your text-books with you. Those who wish to secure boarding are requested to write to Martin R. Andrews or W. W. Boyd of Marietta. The Normal Institute will close with an examination on FRIDAY, AUGUST 28th

The Time Has Come
AGAIN FOR OUR

Semi-Annual Slaughter Sale

An announcement of this kind by us MEANS something. It means that we have a GREAT MANY small lots of Suits and Pants, Summer Coats and Vests, and jobs that we have lately closed out from manufacturers, that we MUST and WILL sell BECAUSE we never let goods get old.

If PRICES will sell them, and we think they will, we will not carry over ONE light colored suit in Boys' or Children's. To make it PLAIN and SHORT we will discount ANY prices on ANYTHING in our line 10 per cent, from ANY prices you can find ANYWHERE. Come and see.

S. R. Van Metre & Co.,
Wholesale and Retail Clothiers.

Special Sale Sun Umbrellas.

Fast Black Silk Warp Serge; Paragon Frame, Handsome Assortment of Natural Stick Handles; Cost you in a Regular way, \$1.50. We are Going to Give You a Pick of These for

One Dollar

Greatest Bargains Ever Offered,

Jenvey & Allen,

No. 108 Front Street.

Colonial Book Store.

Whether the politicians or the people prevail at St. Louis, whether free trade or protection shall win, whether it be a silver or gold basis financially that triumphs, the world will move on and we shall continue to sell

To the people who read, BOOKS.
To the men who fish, FISHING TACKLE.
To those who write, STATIONERY.
Where comfort is desired, HAMMOCKS.
Where amusement is sought, CROQUET SETS.
For commencement remembrances an exceptionally fine line of BOOKS and FLOWER BASKETS.
Now is the time to replenish the stock of WRITING PAPER for summer vacation use. We have a large and well assorted line in bulk, boxes or by the pound at low prices.

153 Colonial Block. Front St.
J. E. VANDERVOORT. **C. E. GLINES.**

Prepare for the Fruit Season!

Now is the time you will be wanting Fruit Jars, and we have them in abundance, at most reasonable prices. Call in early, so that when you are in the midst of putting up fruit your jars will be at hand.

MRS. CHAS. W. HOLZ, 286 Front Street, Marietta, Ohio.

To Arrive Soon:
CARLOAD
Buggies, Farm Wagons and Spring Wagons.

In the meantime if you want a Single Rig, come and give us special order for it.

NYE HARDWARE CO.,
170 Front Str., SOLE AGENTS, Marietta, Ohio